



TeraGo Reports 2017 Second Quarter Financial Results

Strategic Plan Implementation Progressing Well, Positioning TeraGo as a Leading Canadian Managed Cloud and Connectivity Solutions Company

Toronto – August 9, 2017 – TeraGo Inc. (“**TeraGo**” or the “**Company**”) (TSX: TGO, www.terago.ca), today announced financial and operating results for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.

“We continue to diligently focus on executing our strategic plan with the clear view of achieving sustainable profitable growth”, commented Tony Ciciretto, President and CEO of TeraGo. “Important progress on many facets of our strategic plan was made in the second quarter although we did experience some minor execution challenges related to scaling new personnel and processes. We have focused on corrective actions to ensure the delivery of our objectives.”

Mr. Ciciretto added, “I am also very pleased with our recently announced Credit Agreement extension to June 2021 which provides us the flexibility and support to facilitate the execution of our strategic plan and to enable the growth of our business.”

Financial Highlights

- Total revenue decreased 6.0% to \$13.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$14.8 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in revenue is primarily driven by lower connectivity revenue, partially offset by growth in cloud and colocation revenue. Cloud and colocation revenue increased 6.3% to \$4.7 million compared to \$4.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was driven by greater provisioning of cloud services from new and existing customers as well as from the acquisition of the Hosting Business in the second quarter of 2016. The percentage of revenues from cloud and colocation of our total revenue has increased to 34% compared to 30% in Q2 2016. Total revenue decreased 5.2% to \$28.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$29.7 million for the same period in 2016.
- Net loss was \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a net loss of \$0.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase in net loss was primarily driven by the decline of connectivity revenue, the increase cost of services and the increase in SG&A, partially offset by lower depreciation and amortization and lower finance costs. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, net loss was \$2.2 million compared to a net loss of \$1.2 million for the same period in 2016.
- Adjusted EBITDA¹ decreased to \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$4.9 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily driven by the reduction of connectivity revenue, and an increase in sales force headcount and marketing costs related to TeraGo’s strategic priorities and growth initiatives, partially offset by the growth of cloud and colocation revenue. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ decreased to \$6.7 million compared to \$9.6 million for the same period in 2016.

TeraGo is also pleased to announce that it has today retained Mackie Research Capital Corporation (“**Mackie**”) to provide market maintenance services for the Company in compliance with regulatory guidelines. Mackie, using its own funds will trade shares of TeraGo on the Toronto Stock Exchange only for the purposes of maintaining a reasonable market and improving the liquidity of TeraGo’s shares. The agreement entered into with Mackie is for a twelve month period with a fixed monthly fee payable by TeraGo. There are no performance factors contained in the agreement and Mackie will not receive any shares, options or additional compensation for the services. Mackie is an independent full service investment firm that is privately owned and unaffiliated with TeraGo.

¹Non-IFRS Measures

This press release contains references to “Adjusted EBITDA” which is not a measure prescribed by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The Company believes that Adjusted EBITDA is useful additional information to management, the Board and investors as it provides an indication of the operational results generated by its business activities prior to taking into consideration how those activities are financed and taxed and also prior to taking into consideration asset depreciation and amortization and it excludes items that could affect the comparability of our operational results and could potentially alter the trends analysis in business performance. Excluding these items does not necessarily imply they are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual. Adjusted EBITDA is also used by some investors and analysts for the purpose of valuing a company. The Company calculates Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before deducting interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, foreign exchange gain or loss, finance costs, finance income, gain or loss on disposal of network assets, property and equipment, stock-based compensation and restructuring, acquisition-related and integration costs. Investors are cautioned that Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to operating earnings (losses) or net earnings (losses) determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of our financial performance or as a measure of our liquidity and cash flows. Adjusted EBITDA does not take into account the impact of working capital changes, capital expenditures, debt principal reductions and other sources and uses of cash, which are disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

A reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA is found in the MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Adjusted EBITDA does not have any standardized meaning under IFRS/GAAP. TeraGo’s method of calculating Adjusted EBITDA may differ from other issuers and, accordingly, Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Conference Call

Management will host a conference call tomorrow, Thursday, August 10, 2017, at 9:00 am ET to discuss these results.

To access the conference call, please dial 647-427-2311 or 1-866-521-4909. The unaudited financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and Management’s Discussion & Analysis for the same periods have been filed on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Alternatively, these documents along with a presentation in connection with the conference call can be accessed online at www.terago.ca/corporate-facts.html.

An archived recording of the conference call will be available until August 17, 2017. To listen to the recording, call 416-621-4642 or 1-800-585-8367 and enter passcode 51487072.

About TeraGo

TeraGo provides businesses across Canada and internationally with cloud, colocation and connectivity services. TeraGo manages over 3,000 cloud workloads, operates five data centres in the Greater Toronto Area, the Greater Vancouver Area, and Kelowna, and owns and manages its own IP network. The Company serves approximately 4,000 business customers in 46 major markets across Canada including Toronto, Montreal, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver and Winnipeg. TeraGo Networks is a Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC) and was recognized by IDC as a Major Player in MarketScape Cloud Vendor Assessment. TeraGo Networks was also selected as one of Canada’s Top Small and Medium Employers for 2017.

TeraGo Investor Relations

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Forward-Looking Statements

This press release includes certain forward-looking statements that are made as of the date hereof. Such forward-looking statements may include, but are not limited to, statements relating to TeraGo's growth strategy, executing the strategic plan imperatives, Enhancing our Offering, Enhancing our Go-to-Market Effectiveness, Improving Customer Experience, Focus on Talent, Simplifying Systems, Leveraging Assets, corrective actions to ensure delivery of our objectives, making key investments in our Product Portfolio, Customer Experience and Marketing & Sales areas, and Mackie trading shares of the Company in order to maintain a reasonable market and improving the liquidity of TeraGo's shares. All such statements are made pursuant to the 'safe harbour' provisions of, and are intended to be forward-looking statements under, applicable Canadian securities laws. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements reflect the Company's views with respect to future events and is subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including the risk that TeraGo's growth strategy, strategic plan, and investments will not generate the result or sustainable growth intended by management, current growth trends in the Company's cloud and data centre business and in the industry may not continue as expected, TeraGo may not meet the growing and complex needs of its customers, and those risks set forth in the "Risk Factors" section in the annual MD&A of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016 available on www.sedar.com. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed with the forward-looking statements. Except as may be required by applicable Canadian securities laws, TeraGo does not intend, and disclaims any obligation, to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether in words, oral or written as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

TERAGO INC.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 AND 2016

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to help the reader understand the results of operations and financial condition of TeraGo Inc. All references in this MD&A to "TeraGo", the "Company", "we", "us", "our" and "our company" refer to TeraGo Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise. This MD&A is dated August 9, 2017 and should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and the notes thereto, our audited consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, including the notes thereto and our management's discussion and analysis for the year ended December 31, 2016. Additional information relating to TeraGo, including our most recently filed Annual Information Form ("AIF"), can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and our website at www.terago.ca. For greater certainty, the information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference or otherwise into this MD&A. All dollar amounts included in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Certain information included herein is forward-looking and based upon assumptions and anticipated results that are subject to uncertainties. Should one or more of these uncertainties materialize or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary significantly from those expected. For a description of material factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially, see the "Forward-Looking Statements" section and the "Risk Factors" section in this MD&A. This MD&A also contains certain industry-related non-GAAP and additional GAAP measures that management uses to evaluate performance of the Company. These non-GAAP and additional GAAP measures are not standardized and the Company's calculation may differ from other issuers. See "Definitions – IFRS, Additional GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures".

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A includes certain forward-looking statements that are made as of the date hereof only and based upon current expectations, which involve risks and uncertainties associated with our business and the economic environment in which the business operates. All such statements are made pursuant to the 'safe harbour' provisions of, and are intended to be forward-looking statements under, applicable Canadian securities laws. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. For example, the words *anticipate, believe, plan, estimate, expect, intend, should, may, could, objective* and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. This MD&A includes, but is not limited to, forward looking statements regarding TeraGo's growth strategy, strategic plan, the growth in TeraGo's cloud and data centre businesses, retention campaign and initiatives to improve customer service, additional capital expenditures, investments in data centres, products and other IT services, expansion of network coverage, acquisition and the integration of the hosting business assets acquired from AirVM Inc. into the Company (the "Hosting Business"). By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. We caution readers of this document not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed with the forward-looking statements. When relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to the Company, you should carefully consider the risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including the risk that TeraGo's growth strategy and strategic plan will not generate the result intended by management, cross-selling of TeraGo's cloud services may not succeed, retention efforts decreasing profit margins, opportunities for expansion and acquisition not being available or at unfavourable terms, the Company not being able to realize the anticipated benefits and synergies from combining and integrating the Hosting Business into TeraGo's existing business and those risks set forth in the "Risk Factors" section of this MD&A and other uncertainties and potential events. In particular, if any of the risks materialize, the expectations, and the predictions based on them, of the Company may need to be re-evaluated. Consequently, all of the forward-looking statements in this MD&A are expressly qualified by these cautionary statements and other cautionary statements or factors contained herein, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by the Company will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences for the Company.

Except as may be required by applicable Canadian securities laws, we do not intend, and disclaim any obligation, to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether in words, oral or written as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

OVERVIEW

Quarterly Financial Highlights

- Total revenue decreased 6.0% to \$13.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$14.8 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in revenue is primarily driven by lower connectivity revenue, partially offset by growth in cloud and colocation revenue. Cloud and colocation revenue increased 6.3% to \$4.7 million compared to \$4.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was driven by greater provisioning of cloud services from new and existing customers as well as from the acquisition of the Hosting Business in the second quarter of 2016. The percentage of revenues from cloud and colocation of our total revenue has increased to 34% compared to 30% in Q2 2016. Total revenue decreased 5.2% to \$28.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$29.7 million for the same period in 2016.
- Net loss was \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a net loss of \$0.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase in net loss was primarily driven by the decline of connectivity revenue, the increase cost of services and the increase in SG&A, partially offset by lower depreciation and amortization and lower finance costs. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, net loss was \$2.2 million compared to a net loss of \$1.2 million for the same period in 2016.
- Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ decreased to \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$4.9 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily driven by the reduction of connectivity revenue, and an increase in sales force headcount and marketing costs related to TeraGo's strategic priorities and growth initiatives, partially offset by the growth of cloud and colocation revenue. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ decreased to \$6.7 million compared to \$9.6 million for the same period in 2016.

Key Developments

- On June 14, 2017, TeraGo entered into an amending agreement to its credit facilities whereby, TeraGo and its Lenders (defined below) agreed, among other things, to extend the maturity date from June 30, 2018 to June 14, 2021. The total credit facilities will decrease from an aggregate amount of \$85.0 million to \$75.0 million, to reflect principal repayments previously made which have reduced the non-revolving term facility from \$50.0 million to \$40.0 million. The other facilities consist of a \$10.0 million revolving operating credit facility and a \$25.0 million non-revolving acquisitions facility, the latter of which remains undrawn and available. National Bank of Canada, Royal Bank of Canada and The Toronto-Dominion Bank (collectively, the "Lenders") remain as syndicate lenders under the Credit Agreement. The covenants and other terms and conditions under the Credit Agreement remain substantially unchanged.
- On June 15, 2017, the Company announced Mr. Matthew Gerber as the new Chair of the Board, who replaced Mr. Jim Nikopoulos who did not stand for re-election. Mr. Gerber joined TeraGo's Board in June 2016 and currently serves as the Chief Executive Officer and a board member at Rohinni LLC. In addition, at TeraGo's shareholders' meeting, a resolution was approved to reserve an additional 300,000 common shares issuable pursuant to the Directors' Share Compensation Program.
- On July 10, 2017, the Company announced Mr. David Charron has been appointed as Chief Financial Officer, to be effective on or about September 5, 2017.

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBITDA is a Non-GAAP measure. See "Definitions - IFRS, Additional GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures.

⁽²⁾ See "Adjusted EBITDA" for a reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA

TERAGO OVERVIEW

TeraGo provides businesses across Canada with cloud, colocation and connectivity services. The Company provides cloud Infrastructure as a Service (“IaaS”) computing and storage solutions, data centre colocation solutions, and operates five (5) data centres across Canada. With respect to the Company’s connectivity services, it owns and operates a carrier-grade, Multi-Protocol Label Switching (“MPLS”) enabled fixed wireless, IP communications network in Canada targeting businesses that require Internet access, private interconnection, and data connectivity services.

The Company provides enterprise-class cloud services to multiple high value, mid-market and enterprise customers across a variety of industry verticals, federal, provincial and municipal governments and agencies, as well as non-profit organizations. The Company is focussed on providing customers with tailored hybrid IT solutions, running their IT workloads with the appropriate mix of on-premise, data centre colocation, private and public cloud environments. It currently has strategic relationships with several technology partners that give it access to certain products and solutions to provide enterprise cloud services. The Company has aligned with Amazon Web Services (“AWS”) in preparation to provide managed public cloud services and is an AWS Consulting Partner, part of the AWS APN partner network.

The Company’s subscription-based business model generally generates stable and predictable recurring revenue from cloud, colocation and connectivity services. Once a customer is obtained, TeraGo’s strategy is to generate incremental recurring revenue from that customer by cross-selling to bundle customers with multiple services and up-selling within services provided.

Cloud Services	Colocation Services	Connectivity Services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Private and hybrid cloud • IaaS utility computing on virtual and dedicated compute platforms • High performance and secure data storage and archiving • Business Continuity services for critical situations • Managed Services for public and hybrid cloud offerings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Colocation services in partial, full, or customized cabinets • Managed, Private Dedicated, and Co-location hosting services • Private Vaults protected with biometrics for maximum security • Other value added services such as hybrid cloud 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National high performance, scalable Internet access principally via wireless and fibre optics • Active redundancy capability with bundled connectivity solution • Managed network service

TERAGO’S BUSINESS MODEL

TeraGo’s business strategy is to provide enterprise-class hybrid IT solutions tailored to the mid-market. The Company leverages its existing nationwide data centre footprint, VMware private/multi-tenant cloud and AWS, all underpinned by a resilient national carrier grade network infrastructure, to align with customers’ current IT landscape. This allows customers to operate on platforms best suited for their workloads – on-premise, data centre colocation, TeraGo private and multi-tenant cloud, and AWS public cloud – all securely interconnected.

TeraGo’s customers typically sign one, two or three-year contracts. The majority of new customers sign contracts for three years or more. Services are billed monthly over the term of the contract.

CLOUD SERVICES

TeraGo provides cloud services that seek to meet the complex and evolving IT needs of our customers. TeraGo provides IaaS for compute, storage, disaster recovery cloud solutions and other offerings. These solutions allow the Company to compete in the cloud services market.

TeraGo offers customized cloud storage and compute offerings to customers across Canada. TeraGo cloud can offer a virtualized computing environment whereby customers can access on-demand computing without the need to acquire and maintain expensive server equipment. TeraGo can also provide offsite cloud storage for key backup and disaster recovery situations, including utilizing partnerships with software and hardware vendors such as Veeam and Solidfire. The Company has strategic relationships and partnerships with technology leaders such as Amazon Web Services, IBM, Cisco, VMware, Microsoft, Mitel and others that gives it early access to intelligence, products and solutions to provide enterprise cloud services.

COLOCATION SERVICES

TeraGo provides data centre colocation services that protect and connect our customers' valuable information assets. Customers can provision their computing equipment within shared partial cabinets or full, private cabinets, as well as customized caged space designed for their specific needs. TeraGo provides connectivity on redundant routes in and out of the facilities.

Hosting and colocation revenue is derived from set-up fees for new installations and monthly recurring charges based on the number of cabinets and/or the quantity of cage space, power requirements, managed services provided and Internet/data bandwidth requirements. Other services, such as disaster recovery services, are provided under custom contractual arrangements.

TeraGo also offers a variety of managed hosting solutions, which may require us to manage various aspects of a customer's hardware, software or operating systems in public or privately accessible environment. TeraGo offers disaster recovery services on a custom basis. These facilities can be provisioned at the data centre location and provide customers with the capability to restore office functionality with direct access to their information located in the data centre.

Our network can provide these customers Internet and/or secure private interconnections between the data centre facility and the customer's office location(s).

Data centre services customers typically include national government agencies, financial services companies, IT service providers, content and network service providers, and small and medium businesses which rely on TeraGo to store and manage their critical IT equipment and provide the ability to directly connect to the networks that enable our information-driven economy.

Data Centre Facilities

TeraGo's data centres provide IT solutions, including colocation and disaster recovery, to a roster of small and medium-sized businesses, enterprises, public sector and technology service providers. TeraGo has approximately 60,000 square feet of data centre capacity in the five (5) facilities it operates across Canada:

Mississauga, Ontario

TeraGo operates a 10,000 square foot AT 101 SOC2 Type 2 certified data centre facility in Mississauga, Ontario that was previously managed by BlackBerry Limited and built to a tier 3 standard. This facility predominantly serves the Greater Toronto Area.

Vaughan, Ontario

TeraGo operates a 16,000 square foot AT 101 SOC2 Type 2 certified data centre facility in Vaughan, Ontario, serving the Greater Toronto Area.

Kelowna, British Columbia

TeraGo operates its 18,000 square feet AT 101 SOC2 Type 2 certified data centre in Kelowna named the GigaCenter. The GigaCenter is built to a tier 3 standard and the location in Kelowna is considered ideal for a data centre as the region is considered a seismically stable geographic location, has a temperate climate and has a lower probability of both natural and man-made events that may be a risk.

Vancouver, British Columbia

TeraGo operates two AT 101 SOC2 Type 2 certified data centre facilities in downtown Vancouver. Its first facility, is 5,000 square feet and is expandable to 7,000 square feet. The facility has redundant fibre facilities between the data centre and the 'telco hotel', 555 West Hastings, in downtown Vancouver. The second facility is 7,000 square feet and is served by TeraGo's fiber optic lines. Both facilities are used to service the Greater Vancouver Area.

CONNECTIVITY SERVICES

TeraGo owns and operates a carrier-grade Multi-Protocol Label Switching ("MPLS") enabled wireline and fixed wireless, Internet Protocol ("IP") communications network in Canada, providing businesses with high performance, scalable, and secure access and data connectivity services.

TeraGo's carrier grade IP communication network serves an important and growing demand among Canadian businesses for network access diversity by offering wireless services that are redundant to their existing wireline broadband connections.

TeraGo's IP network has been designed to eliminate single points of failure and the Company backs its services with customer service level commitments, including 99.9% service availability, industry leading mean time to repair, 24 x 7 telephone and e-mail access to technical support specialists.

TeraGo offers Canadian businesses high performance unlimited and usage-based dedicated Internet access with upload and download speeds from 5 megabits per second ("Mbps") up to 1 gigabit per second ("Gbps"). Unlike asymmetrical DSL services offered by many of our competitors, TeraGo provides services that are symmetrical, hence customers can have the same high speed broadband performance whether uploading or downloading. TeraGo enhances service performance by minimizing the number of networks between our customers and their audiences, using peering arrangements with multiple tier-one carriers to connect to the Internet.

To deliver its services, the Company has built and operates a carrier-grade, IP network, using licensed and license-exempt spectrum and fibre-optic wireline infrastructure that supports commercially available equipment.

The Company owns and controls a national MPLS distribution network from Vancouver to Montreal that aggregates customer voice and data traffic and interconnects where necessary with carrier diverse leased fiber optic facilities. Major Internet peering and core locations are centralized in Vancouver, Toronto and Seattle, although Internet access is also available in all regional markets for further redundancy.

TeraGo offers a range of diverse Ethernet-based services over a secured wireless connection to customer locations up to 20 kilometres from a hub (provided line of sight or wireline networks exist) or through a fibre optic connection.

Quality of Service Capabilities

TeraGo's MPLS network, including key high traffic hub sites, is equipped with Quality of Service ("QoS") capabilities to improve performance and traffic management. All of TeraGo's major national markets are end-to-end QoS enabled providing the foundation to support voice traffic and other potential future applications.

Radio Spectrum

24-GHz and 38-GHz Wide-area Licences

The Company owns a national spectrum portfolio of 24-GHz and 38-GHz wide-area spectrum licences which covers regions across Canada, in addition to 1,160 MHz in Canada's 6 largest cities. This spectrum is used for: point-to-point and point-to-multipoint microwave radio deployments; connecting core hubs together to create a wireless backbone where appropriate (often in a ring configuration to avoid points of failure); and in the access network or "last mile" to deliver high capacity (speeds of 10 to 1,000 Mbps) Ethernet-based links for business, government and cellular backhaul.

For further details on licensed spectrums, please refer to the Company's 2016 AIF.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016
(in thousands of dollars, except with respect to gross profit margin and earnings per share)

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Financial				
Cloud and Colocation Revenue	\$ 4,717	\$ 4,436	\$ 9,529	\$ 8,870
Connectivity Revenue	\$ 9,175	\$ 10,348	\$ 18,640	\$ 20,843
Total Revenue	\$ 13,892	\$ 14,784	\$ 28,169	\$ 29,713
Cost of Services ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,565	\$ 3,358	\$ 7,048	\$ 6,827
Gross profit margin ⁽¹⁾	74.3%	77.3%	75.0%	77.0%
Adjusted EBITDA ^{(1) (2)}	\$ 3,003	\$ 4,895	\$ 6,714	\$ 9,571
Income tax recovery (expense)	\$ -	\$ (11)	\$ -	\$ (11)
Net loss	\$ (1,131)	\$ (395)	\$ (2,186)	\$ (1,215)
Basic loss per share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.09)
Diluted loss per share	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.15)	\$ (0.09)

(1) See "Definitions - IFRS, Additional GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures"

(2) See "Adjusted EBITDA" for a reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA

Refer to "Definitions – IFRS, Additional GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures" for a description of the components of relevant line items below.

Revenue

Total revenue decreased 6.0% to \$13.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$14.8 million for the same period in 2016. Total revenue decreased 5.2% to \$28.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$29.7 million for the same period in 2016.

Cloud and Colocation Revenue

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, cloud and colocation revenue increased 6.3% to \$4.7 million compared to \$4.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was driven by greater provisioning of cloud services from new and existing customers as well as from the acquisition of the Hosting Business. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, cloud and colocation revenue increased 7.4% to \$9.5 million compared to \$8.9 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was driven by the factors described above.

Connectivity Revenue

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, connectivity revenue decreased 11.3% to \$9.2 million compared to \$10.3 million for the same period in 2016. Connectivity revenues were impacted by a variety of factors, including competition, certain customers renewing long term contracts at lower current market rates and lower usage revenues as certain customers have shifted to unlimited usage plans. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, connectivity revenue decreased 10.6% to \$18.6 million compared to \$20.8 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was driven by the factors described above.

Cost of services

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, cost of services increased 6.2% to \$3.6 million compared to \$3.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily driven by higher resale loop costs related to an increase in third-party fibre revenue, and higher software costs related to the growth in cloud and colocation revenue. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, cost of services increased 3.2% to \$7.0 million compared to \$6.8 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was driven by the factors described above, partially offset by savings from leases costs related to customer sites.

Salaries and related costs and other operating expenses (“SG&A”)

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A increased to \$7.5 million compared to \$7.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily driven by increased sales force headcount, marketing costs, and recruiting fees, partially offset by decreased restructuring, acquisition-related and integration costs. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, SG&A increased to \$15.25 million compared to \$15.18 million for the same period in 2016. The increase was primarily driven by increased sales force headcount, marketing costs, recruiting fees and restructuring costs, partially offset by lower acquisition related costs and a recovery related to stock-based compensation related to the departure of the former CFO.

Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ decreased to \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$4.9 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was primarily driven by the reduction of connectivity revenue, and an increase in sales force headcount and marketing costs related to TeraGo's strategic priorities and growth initiatives, partially offset by the growth of cloud and colocation revenue. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ decreased to \$6.7 million compared to \$9.6 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was driven by the factors described above.

The table below reconciles net loss to Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾ for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i>	Three months ended		Six months ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Net loss for the period	\$ (1,131)	\$ (395)	\$ (2,186)	\$ (1,215)
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(25)	12	(17)	(20)
Finance costs	354	512	825	1,062
Finance income	(11)	(1)	(15)	(7)
Income tax (recovery) expense	-	11	-	11
Earnings (loss) from operations	(813)	139	(1,393)	(169)
Add:				
Depreciation of network assets, property and equipment and amortization of intangible assets	3,607	3,889	7,268	7,876
Loss (gain) on disposal of network assets	35	104	87	260
Stock-based compensation expense	184	330	37	617
Restructuring, acquisition-related, integration costs and other	(10)	433	715	987
Adjusted EBITDA⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,003	\$ 4,895	\$ 6,714	\$ 9,571

(1) See "Definitions - IFRS, Additional GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures"

Finance costs

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, finance costs decreased to \$0.35 million compared to \$0.51 million for the same period in 2016. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, finance costs decreased to \$0.8 million compared to \$1.1 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in both periods was driven by lower interest expense and the mark to market impact of revaluing the Company's interest rate swap contract on the drawn portions of the credit facility.

Income tax expense

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, income tax expense was \$nil compared to \$0.01 million for the same periods in 2016. The income tax expense in the 2016 periods was from taxable income within one of the Company's subsidiaries.

Depreciation and amortization

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, depreciation of network assets, property and equipment and amortization of intangibles decreased to \$3.6 million compared to \$3.9 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease is mainly attributed to certain intangible assets reaching zero net book value after the three months ended June 30, 2016. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, depreciation of network assets, property and equipment and amortization of intangibles decreased to \$7.3 million compared to \$7.9 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease was driven by the factors described above.

Net loss

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, net loss was \$1.1 million compared to a net loss of \$0.4 million for the same period in 2016. The increase in net loss was primarily driven by the decline of connectivity revenue, the increase cost of services and the increase in SG&A, partially offset by lower depreciation and amortization and lower finance costs. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, net loss was \$2.2 million compared to a net loss of \$1.2 million for the same period in 2016. The increase in net loss was driven by the factors described above.

Summary of Quarterly Results

All financial results are in thousands, with the exception of earnings per share

	Q2-17	Q1-17	Q4-16	Q3-16	Q2-16	Q1-16	Q4-15	Q3-15
Revenue	\$ 13,892	14,277	14,593	14,780	14,784	14,929	15,102	15,272
Gross Profit Margin % ⁽¹⁾	74.3%	75.6%	77.2%	77.5%	77.3%	76.8%	77.4%	76.3%
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,003	3,711	4,889	4,481	4,895	4,676	4,863	5,313
Net income/(loss)	\$ (1,131)	(1,055)	355	(3,454)	(395)	(820)	(190)	(432)
Basic income/(loss) per share	\$ (0.08)	(0.07)	0.02	(0.24)	(0.03)	(0.06)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Diluted income/(loss) per share	\$ (0.08)	(0.07)	0.02	(0.24)	(0.03)	(0.06)	(0.01)	(0.03)
Basic weighted average number of shares outstanding	14,283	14,258	14,223	14,190	14,159	14,135	14,065	13,966
Diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding	14,283	14,258	14,230	14,190	14,159	14,135	14,065	13,966

(1) See "Definitions - IFRS, Additional GAAP and Non-GAAP Measures" for descriptions of Gross profit margin % and Adjusted EBITDA

Seasonality

The Company's net customer growth, with respect to its connectivity business, is typically impacted adversely by weather conditions as the majority of new customer locations require the installation of rooftop equipment. Typically, harsher weather in the first quarter of the year results in a reduction of productive installation days.

The Company's cash flow and earnings are typically impacted in the first quarter of the year due to several annual agreements requiring payments in the first quarter including annual rate increases in long-term contracts and the restart on January 1st of payroll taxes and other levies related to employee compensation.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

TeraGo has historically financed its growth and operations through cash generated by operations, the issuance of equity securities and long-term debt.

The table below is a summary of cash inflows and outflows by activity.

<i>(in thousands of dollars)</i>	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Statement of Cash Flows Summary				
Cash inflows and (outflows) by activity:				
Operating activities	\$ 4,583	4,720	\$ 3,018	6,504
Investing activities	(4,188)	(3,059)	(4,764)	(5,629)
Financing activities	<u>(1,537)</u>	<u>(1,718)</u>	<u>(3,259)</u>	<u>(3,513)</u>
Net cash inflows (outflows)	(1,142)	(57)	(5,005)	(2,638)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>9,171</u>	<u>10,485</u>	<u>13,034</u>	<u>13,066</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ <u>8,029</u>	<u>10,428</u>	\$ <u>8,029</u>	<u>10,428</u>

Operating Activities

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, cash generated from operating activities was \$4.6 million compared to cash generated of \$4.7 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in cash from operating activities is mainly due to the decrease in revenues, partially offset by favourable changes in non-cash working capital. For the six months

ended June 30, 2017, cash generated from operating activities was \$3.0 million compared to cash generated of \$6.5 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in cash from operating activities is mainly due to unfavourable changes in non-cash working capital, higher severance costs and lower revenues.

Investing Activities

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, cash used in investing activities was \$4.2 million compared to cash used of \$3.1 million for the same period in 2016. The increase in cash used in investing activities was due to unfavourable timing of payments for network assets, property and equipment and intangible assets, partially offset by lower capital expenditures compared to the same period in 2016. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, cash used in investing activities was \$4.8 million compared to cash used of \$5.6 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in cash used in investing activities was due primarily to lower capital expenditures compared to the same period in 2016.

Financing Activities

For the three months ended June 30, 2017, cash used in financing activities was \$1.5 million compared to cash used of \$1.7 million for the same period in 2016. For the six months ended June 30, 2017, cash used in financing activities was \$3.3 million compared to \$3.5 million for the same period in 2016. The decrease in cash used in financing activities is mainly due to a reduction of the Company's interest expense and a reduction of principal repayments required under the amended credit facilities, partially offset by financing fees related to the amended credit facilities.

Capital Resources

As at June 30, 2017, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$8.0 million and access to approximately \$35.0 million undrawn portion of its \$75 million credit facilities, subject to the terms and conditions of the credit facilities.

The Company anticipates incurring additional capital expenditures for the purchase and installation of network, colocation and cloud assets and customer premise equipment. As economic conditions warrant, the Company may expand its network coverage into new Canadian markets using wireless or fibre optics and making additional investments in colocation, cloud and other IT services through acquisitions or expansion.

Management believes the Company's current cash, anticipated cash from operations, access to the undrawn portion of debt facilities and its access to additional financing in the form of debt or equity will be sufficient to meet its working capital and capital expenditure requirements for the foreseeable future

Term Debt Facility

In June 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with a syndicate led by the National Bank of Canada ("NBC") to provide a \$50.0 million credit facility that is principally secured by a general security agreement over the Company's assets.

In March 2015, the Company entered into an amended agreement with a syndicate led by NBC that increases the credit facility by \$35.0 million (\$30.0 million increase to the term debt facility and \$5.0 million increase to the revolving facility) and extended the term from June 6, 2017 to June 30, 2018. Other terms are substantially consistent with the existing credit facilities.

In June 2017, the Company entered into a second amended agreement with the syndicate led by NBC that reduced the term debt facility from \$50.0 million to \$40.0 million (as a result of principal repaid), reduced the quarterly principal installment from \$1.25 million to \$1.0 million and extended the term from June 30, 2018 to June 14, 2021. Other terms were substantially consistent with the existing credit facilities.

The total \$75.0 million facility that matures June 14, 2021 is made up of the following:

- \$10.0 million revolving facility which bears interest at prime plus a margin percent. As of June 30, 2017, \$nil amount is outstanding. Letters of credit issued under the facility totaled \$0.7 million as of June 30, 2017.
- \$40.0 million term facility which bears interest at prime or Banker's Acceptance (at the Company's option) plus a margin percent and is repayable in quarterly principal installments of \$1.0 million. This facility was fully drawn upon signing the second amended agreement.

On June 30, 2017, \$38.8 million of the term facility principal was in a Banker's Acceptance and the remaining \$0.2 million was at a floating rate. In 2015, the Company entered into amended interest rate swap contracts that matures June 29, 2018. The interest rate on the Banker's Acceptance at June 30, 2017 was 3.99%. The interest rate swap contract has not been designated as a hedge and will be marked-to-market each quarter. The fair value of the interest rate swap contract at June 30, 2017 was a liability of \$0.1 million (December 31, 2016 was a liability of \$0.3 million) and is recorded in other long-term liabilities, with a corresponding charge / (recovery) for the change in fair value recorded in finance costs.

As at June 30, 2017, the Company prepaid interest in the amount of \$0.3 million which represents the net settlement of the Banker's Acceptance and is recorded as a reduction in the carrying value of the debt.

- \$25.0 million available for funding acquisitions and will bear interest at prime or Banker's Acceptance (at the Company's option) plus a margin percent and is repayable in quarterly principal installments of 2.5% of the aggregate amount outstanding. As of June 30, 2017, this facility remains undrawn.

In connection with the second amended agreement, the Company incurred financing fees of \$0.31 million, which have been deferred and will be amortized using the effective interest method over the amended term of the facility. The balance of previously incurred financing fee is also amortized over the same amended term.

The NBC facility is subject to certain financial and non-financial covenants which the Company is in compliance with at June 30, 2017. Under this facility, the Company is subject to a cash flow sweep that could accelerate a certain amount of principal repayment based on a calculation outlined by the credit agreement not later than 120 days after the end of each fiscal year.

Equity Offering

On June 11, 2015, the Company completed an equity offering to issue and sell 1,755 common shares for gross proceeds of \$10,004 (the "Offering"). Proceeds net of commissions, legal, accounting and listing fees were \$9,210. The Offering was carried out pursuant to an underwriting agreement with a syndicate of underwriters led by National Bank Financial Inc. and TD Securities Inc. and included Cormark Securities Inc., PI Financial Corp. and RBC Capital Markets.

The Company allocated \$9,210 of the intended use of net proceeds from the equity offering as follows:

Intended Use of Net Proceeds	Allocation	Use of Net Proceeds as at June 30, 2017
a) Fund its continued growth strategy, which is expected to include potential strategic acquisitions	\$4.0 million	\$2.5 million
b) Fund operational efficiency initiatives	\$3.2 million	\$0.8 million
c) Invest in new product development activities, specifically in the cloud and data centre segments	\$2.0 million	\$0.4 million

As of June 30, 2017, \$3.76 million of the net proceeds from the equity offering were used. The Company's intended use of these proceeds has not changed.

Transactions with Related Parties

Two former Directors of the Company, who retired effective June 23, 2016, also served as Chairman of the Board and a Director of a customer of the Company. Revenue from this customer for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$nil and \$nil (2016 - \$20 and \$40), respectively. Accounts receivable from this customer as at June 30, 2017 was \$nil (2016 - \$5).

The terms governing these related party transactions are consistent with those negotiated on an arm's length basis with non-related parties.

Share Capital

TeraGo's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Common Shares, an unlimited number of Class A Non-Voting Shares and two Class B Shares. A detailed description of the rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attached to the authorized shares is included in the Company's 2016 Annual Information Form, a copy of which can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

As of August 9, 2017, there were 14,333 Common Shares issued and outstanding and two Class B Shares issued and outstanding. In addition, as of August 9, 2017, there were 562 Common Shares issuable upon exercise of TeraGo stock options.

RISK FACTORS

TeraGo is exposed to a number of risks and uncertainties that are common to other companies engaged in the same or similar businesses. The summary of the material risks that could significantly affect the financial condition, operating results or business of TeraGo, are set out in our management's discussion and analysis for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS NOT YET ADOPTED

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards have been issued by the IASB. The standards impacted that may be applicable to the Company are as follows:

(a) IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

On May 28, 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 which supersedes existing standards and interpretations including IAS 18, Revenue and IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes. IFRS 15 introduces a single model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers with the exception of certain contracts under other IFRSs. The standard requires revenue to be recognized in a manner that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to a customer and at an amount that reflects the expected consideration receivable in exchange for transferring those goods or services. This is achieved by applying the following five steps:

1. Identify the contract with a customer;
2. Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
3. Determine the transaction price;
4. Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
5. Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

IFRS 15 also provides guidance relating to the treatment of contract acquisition and contract fulfillment costs.

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The Company has a team focused on the adoption and compliance with IFRS 15. This team is responsible for determining existing policies, differences between existing policies and IFRS 15, ensuring the Company's data collection is appropriate, and communicating the upcoming changes with various stakeholders. In addition, this team is assisting with the development of processes and policies that will help ensure an effective transition and the related impacts are reliably assessed. As a result, the Company is continuing to assess the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

While the Company continues to assess all potential impacts of the new revenue recognition standard, the Company currently believes the most significant impacts will relate to expanded disclosure on revenue, performance obligations, and contract balances.

(b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

On July 24, 2014, the IASB issued the final publication of the IFRS 9 standard, superseding the current IAS 39, Financial Instruments: recognition and measurement ("IAS 39") standard. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and the new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39.

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The Company is assessing the impact of this standard on the consolidated financial statements. The extent of the impact has not yet been determined.

(c) IFRS 16 Leases

On January 13, 2016, the IASB issued the final publication of the IFRS 16 standard, which will supersede the current IAS 17, Leases standard. Under IFRS 16, a lease will exist when a customer controls the right to use an identified asset as demonstrated by the customer having exclusive use of the asset for a period of time. IFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model for lessees and all leases will require an asset and liability to be recognized on the statement of financial position at inception.

The accounting treatment for lessors will remain largely the same as under IAS 17. The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with early adoption permitted, but only if the entity is also applying IFRS 15. The extent of the impact of the adoption of this standard has not yet been determined.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34 (“IAS 34”), Interim Financial Reporting. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management’s best knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances, having regard to previous experience. However, actual outcomes may differ from the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company’s accounting policies.

The Company’s critical accounting estimates have been set out in Note 2 of the Company’s 2016 Consolidated Financial Statements.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Our President and Chief Executive Officer and on an interim basis, Vice President of Finance and Corporate Development, designed or caused to be designed under their supervision, TeraGo’s disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting.

TeraGo’s disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to TeraGo is made known to management by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared and that information required to be disclosed by TeraGo in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation. TeraGo’s disclosure controls and procedures includes controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by TeraGo in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is accumulated and communicated to management, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

TeraGo’s internal control over financial reporting are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP. TeraGo’s internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of TeraGo; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of TeraGo are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of TeraGo; and (iii) are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of TeraGo’s assets that could have a material effect on TeraGo’s financial statements.

The control framework used to design TeraGo’s internal control over financial reporting is based on the Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO 2013).

Due to its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect all misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may change.

There were no changes in the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting for the three months ended June 30, 2017 that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect internal controls over financial reporting. Management has concluded that there are no material weaknesses relating to the design of TeraGo’s internal controls over financial reporting as of June 30, 2017.

EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT CHANGES

Effective June 1, 2017, Duncan McGregor joined the Company as Vice President, Operations and Engineering.

DEFINITIONS – IFRS, ADDITIONAL GAAP AND NON-GAAP MEASURES

IFRS Measures

Cost of services

Cost of services consists of expenses related to delivering service to customers and servicing the operations of our networks. These expenses include costs for the lease of intercity facilities to connect our cities, internet transit and peering costs paid to other carriers, network real estate lease expense, spectrum lease expenses and lease and utility expenses for the data centres and salaries and related costs of staff directly associated with the cost of services.

Gross profit margin %

Gross profit margin % consists of gross profit margin divided by revenue where gross profit margin is revenue less cost of services.

Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses includes sales commission expense, advertising and marketing expenses, travel expenses, administrative expenses including insurance and professional fees, communication expenses, maintenance expenses and rent expenses for office facilities.

Foreign exchange gain (loss)

Foreign exchange gain (loss) relates to the translation of monetary assets and liabilities into Canadian dollars using the exchange rate in effect at that date. The resulting foreign exchange gains and losses are included in net income in the period.

Finance costs

Finance costs consist of interest charged on our short- and long-term debt, amortization of deferred financing costs including expenses associated with closing our long-term debt facility and accretion expense on the Company's decommissioning and restoration obligations. The deferred financing costs are amortized using the effective interest method over the term of the loan.

Finance income

Finance income consists of interest earned on our cash and cash equivalent and short-term investment balances.

Additional GAAP Measures

Earnings (loss) from operations

Earnings (loss) from operations exclude foreign exchange gain (loss), income taxes, finance costs and finance income. We include earnings (loss) from operations as an additional GAAP measure in our consolidated statement of earnings. We consider earnings (loss) from operations to be representative of the activities that would normally be regarded as operating for the Company. We believe this measure provides relevant information that can be used to assess the consolidated performance of the Company and therefore, provides meaningful information to investors.

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted EBITDA

The term "EBITDA" refers to earnings before deducting interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. The Company believes that Adjusted EBITDA is useful additional information to management, the Board and investors as it provides an indication of the operational results generated by its business activities prior to taking into consideration how those activities are financed and taxed and also prior to taking into consideration asset depreciation and amortization and it excludes items that could affect the comparability of our operational results and could potentially alter the trends analysis in business performance. Excluding these items does not necessarily imply they are non-recurring, infrequent or unusual. Adjusted EBITDA is also used by some investors and analysts for the purpose of valuing a company. The Company calculates Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before deducting interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, foreign exchange gain or loss, finance costs, finance income, gain or loss on disposal of network assets, property and equipment, stock-based compensation and restructuring, acquisition-related and integration costs. Investors are cautioned that Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to operating earnings or net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of our financial performance or as a measure of our liquidity and cash flows. Adjusted EBITDA does not take into account the impact of working capital changes, capital expenditures, debt principal reductions and other sources and uses of cash, which are disclosed in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Adjusted EBITDA does not have any standardized meaning under GAAP. TeraGo's method of calculating Adjusted EBITDA may differ from other issuers and, accordingly, Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. See "Results of Operations – Adjusted EBITDA" for reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA.